

UBAP2L 抗原(重组蛋白)

- 中文名称: UBAP2L 抗原(重组蛋白)
- 英文名称: UBAP2L Antigen (Recombinant Protein)
- 别名: ubiquitin associated protein 2-like; NICE-4
- 储存: 冷冻(-20℃)
- 相关类别: 抗原

概述

Fusion protein corresponding to C terminal 200 amino acids of human UBAP2L

技术规格

Full name:	ubiquitin associated protein 2-like
Synonyms:	NICE-4
Swissprot:	Q14157
Gene Accession:	BC003170
Purity:	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
Expression system:	Escherichia coli
Tags:	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
Background:	UBAP2L, also known as NICE4, is a protein that is ubiquitously expressed. Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, NICE4 contains one UBA domain and is expressed as 4 isoforms produced by alternative splicing events. The gene that encodes NICE4 maps to human chromosome 1. Chromosome 1 is the largest huma n chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and ma king up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 ge nes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated wi



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th chromosome 1. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson -Gilford progeria is associated with the LMNA gene which enc odes lamin A. When defective, the LMNA gene product can b uild up in the nucleus and cause characteristic nuclear blebs. The mechanism of rapidly enhanced aging is unclear and is a topic of continuing exploration. The MUTYH gene is located o n chromosome 1 and is partially responsible for familial adeno matous polyposis. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disea se and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1.