

兔抗 KIR2DL3KIR2DL1KIR2DL4KIR2DS4 多克隆抗体

中文名称： 兔抗 KIR2DL3/KIR2DL1/KIR2DL4/KIR2DS4 多克隆抗体

英文名称： Anti-KIR2DL3/1/4/S4 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别 名： p58; NKAT; GL183; NKAT2; CD158b; NKAT2A; NKAT2B; CD158B2; KIR-K7b; KIR-K7c; KIRCL23; KIR-023GB/NKAT; NKAT1; p58.1; CD158A; KIR221; K

相关类别： 一抗

储 存： 冷冻 (-20°C)

抗 原： KIR2DL3/KIR2DL1/KIR2DL4/KIR2DS4

宿 主： Rabbit

反应种属： Human

标记物： Unconjugate

克隆类型： rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13.4 within the 1 Mb leukocyte receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes, although several "framework" genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DP1, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic d

	omain.
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	KIR2DL3/KIR2DL1/KIR2DL4/KIR2DS4
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human KIR2DL3/1/4/S4
Full name:	killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, two domains, long cytoplasmic tail, 3/1/4/ short cytoplasmic tail, 4
Synonyms :	p58; NKAT; GL183; NKAT2; CD158b; NKAT2A; NKAT2B; CD158B2 ; KIR-K7b; KIR-K7c; KIRCL23; KIR-023GB/NKAT; NKAT1; p58.1; CD158A; KIR221; KIR-K64/ G9P; CD158D; KIR103; KIR103AS/ KKA 3; KIR1D; NKAT8; CD158I; KIR412
SwissProt:	P43628/P43626/Q99706/P43632
ELISA Recommended dilution:	1000-2000
IHC positive control:	Human colon cancer and human thyroid cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-100

