

全国订货电话 4008-723-722

STX5 抗原(重组蛋白)

- 中文名称: STX5 抗原 (重组蛋白)
- 英文名称: STX5 Antigen (Recombinant Protein)
- 别名: syntaxin 5; SED5; STX5A
- 储存: 冷冻(-20℃)
- 相关类别: 抗原

概述

Fusion protein corresponding to a region derived from 134-333 amino acids of human STX5

技术规格

Full name:	syntaxin 5
Synonyms:	SED5; STX5A
Swissprot:	Q13190
Gene Accession:	BC012137
Purity:	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
Expression system:	Escherichia coli
Tags:	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
Background:	The membrane protein syntaxin 5 (STX5) is a key component of solu ble N-ethylmaleimide-sensitive factor attachment protein (SNAP) recep tor (SNARE) complexes that regulate cellular protein transport, vesicle docking, and membrane fusion. Syntaxin 5 protein is found as a 42 k Da ("long") protein localized to the Golgi complex and endoplasmic r eticulum, and a "short" 35 kDa isoform localized primarily to the G olgi. Formation of the syntaxin 5 SNARE complex, which also includes proteins Sec22B, Bet1, GOSR1, GOSR2, and Ykt6, allows for regulation of ER-to-Golgi transport, intra-Golgi transport, and endosome-to-Golgi retrograde transport. Research studies indicate that the syntaxin 5 SN



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ARE complex also plays an essential role in autophagy following auto phagosome formation. Intracellular protein transport mediated by the syntaxin 5 complex is required for transport and localized activity of I ysosomal proteases. The experimental reduction or deletion of syntaxi n 5 complex components results in non-functional lysosomes and acc umulation of autophagosomes.