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## 兔抗 PRKCG(Ab-655) 多克隆抗体

- 中文名称: 兔抗 PRKCG(Ab-655) 多克隆抗体
- 英文名称: Anti-PRKCG(Ab-655) rabbit polyclonal antibody
- 别名: PKCC; PKCG; SCA14; PKC-gamma
- 抗 原: PRKCG(Ab-655)
- 储存: 冷冻(-20℃) 避光
- 宿 主: Rabbit
- 反应种属: Human Mouse Rat
- 相关类别: 一抗
- 标记物: Unconjugate
- 克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

## 技术规格

	Calcium-activated, phospholipid- and diacylglycerol (DAG)-d ependent serine/threonine-protein kinase that plays diverse roles in neuronal cells and eye tissues, such as regulation of the neuronal receptors GRIA4/GLUR4 and GRIN1/NMDAR 1, modulation of receptors and neuronal functions related t o sensitivity to opiates, pain and alcohol, mediation of syna
Background:	ptic function and cell survival after ischemia, and inhibition of gap junction activity after oxidative stress. Binds and ph osphorylates GRIA4/GLUR4 glutamate receptor and regulate s its function by increasing plasma membrane-associated G RIA4 expression. In primary cerebellar neurons treated with the agonist 3,5-dihyidroxyphenylglycine, functions downstre am of the metabotropic glutamate receptor GRM5/MGLUR5

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	and phosphorylates GRIN1/NMDAR1 receptor which plays a key role in synaptic plasticity, synaptogenesis, excitotoxicity, memory acquisition and learning. May be involved in the r egulation of hippocampal long-term potentiation (LTP), but may be not necessary for the process of synaptic plasticity. May be involved in desensitization of mu-type opioid recep tor-mediated G-protein activation in the spinal cord, and m ay be critical for the development and/or maintenance of morphine-induced reinforcing effects in the limbic forebrain . May modulate the functionality of mu-type-opioid recepto rs by participating in a signaling pathway which leads to th e phosphorylation and degradation of opioid receptors. Ma y also contributes to chronic morphine-induced changes in nociceptive processing. Plays a role in neuropathic pain me chanisms and contributes to the maintenance of the allody nia pain produced by peripheral inflammation. Plays an im portant role in initial sensitivity and tolerance to ethanol, b y mediating the behavioral effects of ethanol as well as the effects of this drug on the GABA(A) receptors. During and after cerebral ischemia modulate neurotransmission and cell survival in synaptic membranes, and is involved in insulin-i nduced inhibition of necrosis, an important mechanism for minimizing ischemic injury. Required for the elimination of multiple climbing fibers during innervation of Purkinje cells in developing cerebellum. Is activated in lens epithelial cells upon hydrogen peroxide treatment, and phosphorylates co nnexin-43 (GJA1/CX43), resulting in disassembly of GJA1 ga p junction plaques and inhibition of gap junction activity w hich could provide a protective effect against oxidative stre ss By similarity. Phosphorylates p53/TP53 and promotes p5 3/TP53-dependent apoptosis in response to DNA damage.
Applications:	WB
Name of antibody:	PRKCG(Ab-655)
Immunogen:	Synthesized non-phosphopeptide derived from human PRK CG around the phosphorylation site of threonine 655 (A-L- T(p)-P-P).
Full name:	protein kinase C, gamma
Synonyms :	PKCC; PKCG; SCA14; PKC-gamma
SwissProt:	P05129
WB Predicted band size:	78 kDa
WB Positive control:	Rat brain tissue lysate
WB Recommended dilution:	500-3000



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